

FORMERLY BPI-PHILAM LIFE ASSURANCE CORPORATION

# **FUND FACT SHEET**

All data as of October 31, 2024 unless otherwise stated

### **Fund Objective and Strategy**

The Fund aims to achieve a balance of income and capital growth through a diversified portfolio of US dollar-denominated fixed-income instruments.

#### **Fund Details**

| Fund Manager                           | BPI WEALTH – A Trust Corporation |
|--|----------------------------------|
| Inception Date                         | February 22, 2011                |
| Fund Classification                    | Bond Fund                        |
| Fund Size                              | USD 46.93 Million                |
| Fund Currency                          | US Dollars                       |
| No. of Holdings                        | 39                               |
| Fund Management Fee                    | 0.50 % per annum                 |
| Highest and Lowest Unit Price Achieved |                                  |
| Initial (22 February 2011)             | 1.0000                           |
| Highest (02 October 2024)              | 1.6443                           |
| Lowest (28 February 2011)              | 0.9978                           |
| NAVPU – 31 October 2024                | 1.6214                           |

#### **Risk Classification**

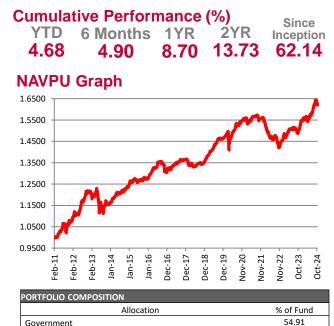
The Fund is suitable for investors who take medium- to long-term views. The Fund's yield, net asset value and total return may fluctuate as a result of interest rate and currency movements and the changes in the credit quality of the investments. On redemption of shares, an investor may receive an amount less than the original amount of the investment. Liquidity risk also needs to be taken into account.

## **BPI – Philam US Dollar Bond Fund** Market Commentary

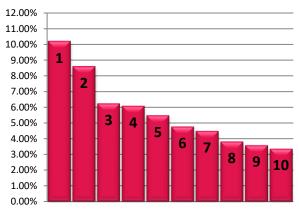
The JP Morgan Asia Credit Index (JACI) Philippines declined by 2.11% in October as Philippine dollar-denominated yields rose, reflecting the upward trend in US Treasuries. The 10-year US Treasury yield climbed significantly from 3.73% to 4.28% over the month.

Global bond yields increased as investor sentiment weakened amid concerns over uncertainty surrounding the upcoming US election. Although the US economy appears to be managing a soft landing, with stronger-than-expected non-farm payrolls and a declining unemployment rate from 4.2% to 4.1%, the heightened risk surrounding election outcomes weighed on bond markets. Despite expectations of 2.3%, US CPI only slightly eased from 2.5% in August to 2.4% in September, while the Core Personal Consumption Expenditures (PCE) Index remained at 2.7%, indicating persistent inflation pressures.

On the domestic front, inflation in the Philippines significantly dropped from 3.3% in August to 1.9% in September, surpassing expectations of 2.5%. The Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas (BSP) cut interest rates from 6.25% to 6.00%, while the unemployment rate improved, falling from 4.7% to 4.0%. Philippine bond yields mirrored global yields, also rising due to the US election-related uncertainties.



| <b>TOP 10 HOLDINGS</b> |
|------------------------|
| Asset Allocation       |



| $(\widehat{1})$ Republic of the Philippines Bonds 2030              | 10.19% |
|---|--------|
| (2) Manila Water Company, Inc. Bond 2030                            | 8.59%  |
| $(\mathfrak{Z})$ Int'l. Container Terminal Services, Inc. Bond 2025 | 6.23%  |
| 4 Republic of the Philippines Bonds 2034                            | 6.08%  |
| (5) Rizal Commercial Banking Corporation Bond 2029                  | 5.48%  |
| 6 First Pacific Company Ltd. Bond 2027                              | 4.76%  |
| 7 Republic of the Philippines Bonds 2031                            | 4.49%  |
| (8) Republic of the Philippines Bonds 2048                          | 3.82%  |
| ( 9 ) Republic of the Philippines Bonds 2047                        | 3.58%  |
| 10 Retail Dollar Bonds 2029   | 3.36%  |

43.13

1.96

Risk Warning: Past performance is not indicative of future results. Our investment management services relate to a variety of investments, each of which can fluctuate in value. The value of portfolios we manage may fall as see, and the investor may not get back the full amount originally invested. The investment risks vary between different types of instruments. For example, for investments involving exposure to a currency other than that in which the portfolio is denominated, changes in the rate of exchange may cause the value of such an investment management get as compared to the portfolio. to go up or down. In the case of a higher accessed a higher and compared were value of the portfolio. To go up or down. In the case of a higher accessed a higher and the loss on realization or cancellation may be very high (including total loss of investment), as the value of such an investment may fall suddenly and substantially. In making an investment decision, prospective investors must rely on their own examination of the merits and risks involved. Disclaimer: Unless otherwise noted, all information contained herein is sourced from BPI AIA<sup>+</sup> internal data. The content included herein has been shared with various in-house departments within BPI AIA<sup>+</sup>, in the original compared completion. BPI AIA<sup>+</sup> complies with the confidentiality requirements of their respective jurvations. Parts of this presentation may be based on information received from sources we consider reliable. We do not represent that all of this information is accurate or complete, however, and it may not be relied upon as such.

Corporates

Cash and other receivables